

AS level Chemistry A

H032/02 Depth in chemistry

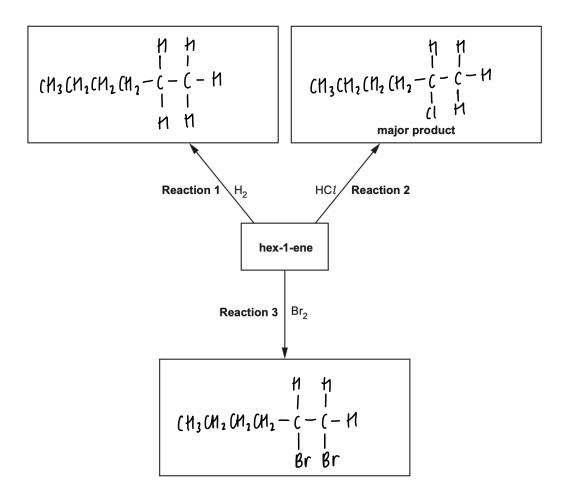
Question Set 18

- **1.** This question is about hex-1-ene, $CH_3CH_2CH_2CH_2CH_2CH_2CH_2$.
 - (a) Hex-1-ene is reacted with H_2 , HCl and Br_2 as shown in the flowchart below.
 - (i) Complete the flowchart to show the structures of the organic products of these reactions.

[3]

[1]

[1]



- (ii) State the catalyst needed in reaction 1. Ni(k $\mathcal U$
- (iii) What would you observe in reaction 3?

solution changes from orange to colourless

(b) Hex-1-ene is a liquid with a boiling point of 63 °C and a density of 0.67 g cm⁻³.

Hex-1-ene can be prepared by refluxing hexan-1-ol (boiling point 157 $^{\circ}$ C) with an acid catalyst.

Hexan-1-ol is a liquid with a boiling point of 157 °C and a density of 0.82 g cm⁻³.

The equation is shown below.



After reflux, the resulting mixture contains unreacted hexan-1-ol, hex-1-ene and water.

The mixture is then purified.

The expected percentage yield of hex-1-ene from hexan-1-ol is 62.5%.

(i)* A student plans to prepare 4.20 g of hex-1-ene by this method.

Calculate the mass of hexan-1-ol that the student should use and explain how you could obtain pure hex-1-ene from the mixture obtained after reflux.

[6]

$$0.625 = \frac{\text{actual}}{4.20} \implies \text{actual mass} = 0.625 \times 4.2 = 2.625 g$$

$$\frac{\text{Moles} = \frac{\text{Mass}}{\text{Mr}} = \frac{2.625}{84} = 0.03125$$

$$\text{Mass of hexan- 1-ol: } 0.03125 \times 102 = 3.1875g$$

$$= 2.2 \text{ arcs hexa}$$

Method to obtain a pure sample of hex- 1-ene:

- 1. put the mixture in a separating funnel and add sodium hydrogencarbonate solution. Shake and release pressure build up due to CO2 gas formed.
- 2. Allow the layers to separate and discard the lower aqueous layer.
- 3. Run the organic layer into a clean, dry conical flask and add 3 spatulas of anhy drous sodium sulfate.
- 4. Decant the liquidinto a round bottomed flask and distil to collect pure product.

(ii) Another student suggested that hex-1-ene could be prepared from hexan-2-ol by the same method.

Would you expect the percentage yield of hex-1-ene to be greater than, less than or about the same as when using hexan-1-ol?

Explain your answer.

[2]

rem hexan-2-ol; hex-1-ene and hex-2-ene.

(d) Hex-1-ene can also be polymerised to form poly(hex-1-ene).

Draw a section of poly(hex-1-ene) containing two repeat units.

State **two** other methods of disposing of polymers that can be beneficial to the environment.

[2]

[1]

· recyclin g

· reusing

Total Marks for Question Set 5: 16









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